Name:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Genetics Practice Problems**

1. For each **genotype**, indicate whether it is **heterozygous** or **homozygous**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| AA \_\_\_\_ Bb \_\_\_\_ Cc \_\_\_\_ Dd \_\_\_\_ | Ee \_\_\_\_ ff \_\_\_\_ GG \_\_\_\_  HH \_\_\_\_ | Ii \_\_\_\_ Jj \_\_\_\_ kk \_\_\_\_ Ll \_\_\_\_ | Mm \_\_\_\_ nn \_\_\_\_ OO \_\_\_\_ Pp \_\_\_\_ |

2. For each of the **genotypes** below, determine the **phenotype**.

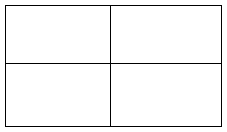
|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *Purple flowers are dominant to white flowers* PP \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Pp \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ pp \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | *Brown eyes are dominant to blue eyes* BB \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Bb \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ bb \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |
| *Round seeds are dominant to wrinkled* RR \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Rr \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ rr \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | *Bobtails are recessive (long tails dominant)* TT \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Tt \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tt \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |

3. For each **phenotype**, list the **genotypes**. (Remember to use the letter of the dominant trait)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *Straight hair is dominant to curly.* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ straight \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ straight \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ curly | *Pointed heads are dominant to round heads.* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ pointed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ pointed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ round |

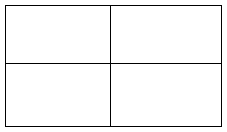
4. Set up the square for each of the crosses listed below. The trait being studied is round seeds (dominant) and wrinkled seeds (recessive)

**Rr x rr**



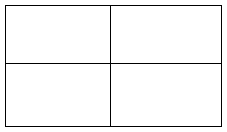
What percentage of the offspring will be round? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Rr x R r**



What percentage of the offspring will be round? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**RR x Rr**



What percentage of the offspring will be round? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Practice with Crosses. Use a separate sheet and show all work!**

5. A TT (tall) plant is crossed with a tt (short plant). What ratio of the offspring will be tall? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

6. A Tt plant is crossed with a Tt plant. What ratio of the offspring will be short? \_\_\_\_\_\_

7. A heterozygous round seeded plant (Rr) is crossed with a homozygous round seeded plant (RR). What ratio of the offspring will be homozygous (RR)? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

8. A homozygous round seeded plant is crossed with a homozygous wrinkled seeded plant. What are the **genotypes** of the parents?   
\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ x \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

What ratio of the offspring will also be homozygous? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

9. In pea plants - purple flowers are dominant to white flowers. If two white flowered plants are crossed, what ratio of their offspring will be white flowered? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

10. A white flowered plant is crossed with a plant that is heterozygous for the trait. What ratio of the offspring will have purple flowers? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

11. Two plants, both heterozygous for the gene that controls flower color are crossed. What ratio of their offspring will have purple flowers? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
What ratio will have white flowers? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

12. In guinea pigs, the allele for short hair is dominant.   
What genotype would a heterozygous short haired guinea pig have? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
What genotype would a purebreeding short haired guinea pig have? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
What genotype would a long haired guinea pig have? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_